

## SUBJECT PRONOUNS AND SER NOTES

A subject pronoun is a word used instead of a noun. (or a phrase containing a noun)

Example: “He”, “it”, “who”, and “anything” are pronouns.

Example: Bob is swimming. -> He is swimming.

### English and Spanish pronouns

	Singular	Plural
1 <sup>st</sup> person	I = Yo	We = nosotros (m) nosotras (f)
2 <sup>nd</sup> person	You (familiar) = tú	You (plural, familiar) = vosotros vosotras
3 <sup>rd</sup> person	He = él She = ella You (formal) = Usted (Ud.)	They (m) = Ellos They (f) = Ellas You (plural) = Ustedes (Uds.)

### Review

#### Yo

Not capitalized unless the first word of the sentence

Used to talk ABOUT yourself

#### Tú

Use it to talk TO a person that is a friend or family member

#### Él

Don't forget the accent

Use it to talk ABOUT a guy.

#### Ella

Use it to talk ABOUT a girl.

#### Usted (Ud.)

Use it to talk TO a person that is due respect.

#### Nosotros/as

Used to talk ABOUT yourself and friends

**Vosotros/as** (Only used in Spain)

Use it to talk TO a group of friends or family members.

#### Ellos

It is used when talking ABOUT a group of boys/guys/men or a mixed group.

#### Ellas

It is used when talking ABOUT a group of only females.

#### Ustedes (Uds.)

Use it to talk TO a group of people

### Tú vs. Usted

**Tú = you (informal/familiar)**

Use “tú” when talking to people with whom you are on a first name basis.

friends

family

children/younger

pets

**Usted (Ud.) = you (formal)**

Use “Usted” when talking with people to whom you should show respect.

People in authority (police, teachers, bosses)

Strangers

Acquaintances

Adults

**Ser- to be**

<b>YO</b>	<b>SOY</b>	<b>NOSOTROS</b>	<b>SOMOS</b>
<b>TÚ</b>	<b>ERES</b>	<b>VOSOTROS</b>	<b>SOIS</b>
<b>ÉL</b>	<b>ES</b>	<b>ELLOS</b>	<b>SON</b>
<b>ELLA</b>	<b>ES</b>	<b>ELLAS</b>	<b>SON</b>
<b>USTED (Ud.)</b>	<b>ES</b>	<b>USTEDES (Uds.)</b>	<b>SON</b>